1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Harvey Rosenfield, SBN 123082 Pamela Pressley, SBN 180362 Ryan Mellino, SBN 342497 CONSUMER WATCHDOG 6330 San Vicente Blvd., Suite 250 Los Angeles, CA 90048 Tel. (310) 392-0522 Fax (310) 392-8874 harvey@consumerwatchdog.org pam@consumerwatchdog.org ryan@consumerwatchdog.org Attorneys for CONSUMER WATCHDOG		
9	BEFORE THE INSURANCE COMMISSIONER		
10	OF THE STAT	E OF CALIFORNIA	
11	In the Matter of the Rate Application of	File No.: 25-456	
12 13	Stillwater Insurance Company,	CONSUMER WATCHDOG'S PETITION FOR HEARING, PETITION TO	
14	Applicant.	INTERVENE, AND NOTICE OF INTENT TO SEEK COMPENSATION	
15		[Ins. Code §§ 1861.02, 1861.05, and 1861.10;	
16		Cal. Code Regs, tit. 10, §§ 2653.1, 2661.2 and 2661.3]	
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Consumer Watchdog hereby requests that the Insurance Commissioner notice a public hearing pursuant to Insurance Code sections 1861.05, subdivisions (a) and (c), and 1861.10, subdivision (a), on the issues raised in this petition regarding the above-referenced Rate Application of Stillwater Insurance Company ("Stillwater" or "Applicant"), at which time Applicant will be directed to appear and respond to the issues raised in this petition. Consumer Watchdog also hereby requests that it be granted leave to intervene in the proceeding on Applicant's Rate Application pursuant to Insurance Code section 1861.10(a). Consumer Watchdog intends to seek compensation in this proceeding, and, pursuant to California Code of Regulations, title 10 ("10 CCR"), section 2661.3 subdivision (c), Consumer Watchdog's proposed budget is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

In support of its petition, Consumer Watchdog alleges:

I. THE APPLICATION

- 1. On or about February 27, 2025, Applicant filed a Prior Approval Rate Application with the California Department of Insurance ("CDI"), seeking approval of an overall 27.5% rate increase to its homeowners line of business (File No. 25-456 ["the Application"]).
- 2. On or about March 28, 2025, the public was notified by the CDI of the Application.

II. PETITIONER

- 3. Petitioner Consumer Watchdog is a nonprofit, nonpartisan, public interest corporation organized to represent the interests of consumers and taxpayers. A core focus of Consumer Watchdog's advocacy is the representation of the interests of insurance consumers and policyholders, particularly as they relate to the implementation and enforcement of Proposition 103, in matters before the Legislature, the courts, and the CDI.
- 4. Consumer Watchdog's founder authored Proposition 103 and led the successful campaign for its enactment by California voters in 1988. Consumer Watchdog's staff and consultants include some of the nation's foremost consumer advocates and experts on insurance ratemaking matters.

- 5. Consumer Watchdog has served as a public watchdog to enforce Proposition 103's protections with regard to property-casualty insurance rates and practices by: monitoring insurer rollback settlements and the status of the rollback regulations; reviewing and challenging rate filings made by insurers seeking to implement excessive and/or unfairly discriminatory rates and/or practices; participating in rulemaking and adjudicatory hearings before the CDI to implement and enforce Proposition 103's consumer protections; and educating the public concerning industry underwriting and rating practices, their rights under Proposition 103, and other provisions of state law. Consumer Watchdog has also initiated, intervened, or appeared as amicus curiae in virtually every action in state court involving the interpretation and application of Proposition 103 and the Insurance Code.¹
- 6. Consumer Watchdog has initiated and intervened in numerous proceedings before the CDI related to the implementation and enforcement of Proposition 103's reforms, including over 150 such proceedings in the last twenty years. In every rate proceeding that has resulted in a final decision and in which Consumer Watchdog sought compensation from 2003–2022, the Commissioner found that Consumer Watchdog made a substantial contribution under Insurance Code section 1861.10(b) and the implementing regulations. Most recently in 2025, the Commissioner found that Consumer Watchdog made a substantial contribution to his decisions in two homeowners insurance rate matters.

III. ISSUES AND EVIDENCE TO BE PRESENTED AND POSITIONS OF PETITIONER

7. In the rate proceeding initiated by Consumer Watchdog's Petition, Consumer Watchdog will present and elicit evidence to show that the rates proposed in the Application

¹ For example, Calfarm Ins. Co. v. Deukmejian (1989) 48 Cal.3d 805; 20th Century Ins. Co. v. Garamendi (1994) 8 Cal.4th 216; Amwest Surety Ins. Co. v. Wilson (1995) 11 Cal.4th 1243; Proposition 103 Enforcement Project v. Quackenbush (1998) 64 Cal.App.4th 1473; Spanish Speaking Citizens' Found. v. Low (2000) 85 Cal.App.4th 1179; Donabedian v. Mercury Ins. Co. (2004) 116 Cal.App.4th 968; State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co. v. Garamendi (2004) 32 Cal.4th 1029; The Found. for Taxpayer and Consumer Rights v. Garamendi (2005) 132 Cal.App.4th 1354; Ass'n of Cal. Ins. Cos. v. Poizner (2009) 180 Cal.App.4th 1029; Mercury Cas. Co. v. Jones (2017) 8 Cal.App.5th 561; Mercury Ins. Co. v. Lara (2019) 35 Cal.App.5th 82; and State Farm General Ins. Co. v. Lara (2021) 71 Cal.App.5th 197.

result in rates that are excessive and/or unfairly discriminatory in violation of Insurance Code section 1861.05, subdivision (a), which provides that "[n]o rate shall be approved or remain in effect which is excessive, inadequate, [or] unfairly discriminatory." Additionally, Consumer Watchdog will present and elicit evidence that Applicants' proposed rates violate 10 CCR § 2644.1, which provides that "[n]o rate shall be approved or remain in effect that is above the maximum permitted earned premium as defined in section 2644.2."

- 8. Based on Consumer Watchdog's preliminary analysis in consultation with its actuarial expert and the information contained in the Application and publicly available, Consumer Watchdog has identified the following issues with the Application on which it intends to present and elicit evidence as set forth in (a)–(b) below. Each of these issues is directly relevant to determining whether Applicant's proposed rate increase is excessive under Insurance Code section 1861.05(a) and the prior approval rate regulations, 10 CCR § 2644.1 et seq. Consumer Watchdog intends to request further information on these issues through informal/formal discovery from the Applicant and reserves the right to develop and refine its positions as more information is made available.
 - a. Loss and Premium Trends (10 CCR § 2644.7): Consumer Watchdog's current position, to the extent now known based on the information in the Application at this time, is that Applicant's frequency and severity trend selections result in excessive net trends which overstate the projected losses, causing an inflated rate indication. Consumer Watchdog's preliminary analysis indicates a much lower rate need. Applicant's selected 24-point Reported/Paid frequency and severity trends give too much weight to the volatile historical experience, particularly to sharp increases seen beginning in 2020 and 2021, which have turned sharply downward in recent quarters.

Applicant states in Exhibit I – Actuarial Memorandum.pdf: "For the Homeowners loss trend, the 8-point and 12-point shorter term trends were not chosen due to the volatility. Because Homeowners claims typically get reported promptly and are without long delays in settlement and payment, the Reported Frequency and Paid

Severity for the longer term trends exhibited more stability and all had similar results. The 24-point Reported Frequency and Paid severity was chosen for maximum stability." However, looking at the variances for each of the possible trend periods, the volatility exhibited by the 24-point net trends is among the highest—particularly for the HO-3 coverage, which represents 92% of the premium volume in this filing. For all three coverages, net trends have generally been on a downward trajectory for at least the past 6 quarters. Further, net trends prior to the increases noted above from 2020-2021 were markedly decreasing for HO-3 and HO-6, and basically flat for HO-4.

Consumer Watchdog analyzed the actual and fitted net trends on both a numerical and graphical basis for each of the possible trend bases (Closed/Paid, Reported/Paid, Closed/Total Paid, and Reported/Total Paid). Our preliminary analysis shows that lower trend factors, considering the entirety of the historical data but based on more recent experience, are more reasonable and actuarially sound. This analysis produces an overall rate indication that is substantially lower than the 27.5% rate increase proposed by Stillwater. Based on these findings, Applicant has not fully supported its assertion that the selected trend factors are the most actuarially sound.

b. Improper / Unsupported Excluded Expenses (10 CCR § 2644.10): Applicant has not shown that the sum of the institutional advertising expenses listed on page 4.1 of the Prior Approval Rate Template, \$1,572, is appropriate. Consumer Watchdog's current position, to the extent now known, is that Applicant has failed to provide sufficient information in the filing to support its claim that there were no institutional advertising expenses in 2022 or 2023, and only \$1,572 in 2021. Per the regulation: "Institutional advertising' means advertising not aimed at obtaining business for a specific insurer and not providing consumers with information pertinent to the decision whether to buy the insurer's product."

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Based on the information currently available in the Application, and subject to review of additional information that may be obtained from Applicant during the proceeding through formal or informal discovery on these and other excluded expenses items, it is Consumer Watchdog's position that Applicant has not proven that its three-year average excluded expense ratio of 0.2% shown on page 4.2 of the Prior Approval Rate Template is appropriate. Consumer Watchdog reserves the right to seek discovery and raise additional issues regarding the accuracy of the amounts listed in page 4.2 of the Prior Approval Rate Template for other categories of excluded expenses that should be reflected in the rate calculation but may not be adequately reflected in the filing, including political contribution and lobbying expenses, excessive executive compensation, bad faith judgments and associated DCCE, costs of unsuccessful defense of discrimination claims, and fines and penalties.

9. This petition is based upon Consumer Watchdog's preliminary analysis of the Application. Thus, Consumer Watchdog reserves the right to modify, withdraw, and/or add issues for consideration and its positions on each issue as more information becomes available through discovery or otherwise.

IV. <u>AUTHORITY FOR PETITION AND GRANTING REQUEST FOR A HEARING</u>

- 10. The authority for this petition for hearing is Insurance Code section 1861.10, subdivision (a), which grants "any person" the right to initiate or intervene in a proceeding permitted or established by Proposition 103 and the right to enforce Proposition 103. Specifically, as stated above, Consumer Watchdog initiates this proceeding to enforce Insurance Code section 1861.05 and the Commissioner's rate regulations, 10 CCR § 2644.1 et seq.
- 11. Additionally, a hearing is authorized pursuant to Insurance Code section 1861.05, subdivision (c), which allows "a consumer or his or her representative" to request a hearing on a rate application and 10 CCR § 2653.1, which provides that "any person, whether as an individual, representative of an organization, or on behalf of the general public, may request a hearing by submitting a petition for hearing." Given that Applicant's requested rate change exceeds 7%, Insurance Code section 1861.05(c) requires that the Commissioner "must hold a hearing upon a

timely request."

12. This petition is timely pursuant to Insurance Code section 1861.05, subdivision (c), and 10 CCR § 2646.4(a)(1) because is filed within forty-five (45) days of the March 28, 2025 public notice date.

V. INTEREST OF PETITIONER

- Applicant's homeowners insurance policyholders are charged rates and premiums that comply with the provisions of Insurance Code section 1861.05(a)'s requirement that "no rate shall be approved or remain in effect which is excessive, inadequate, [or] unfairly discriminatory or otherwise in violation of this chapter," and the requirements contained in the regulations promulgated thereunder. For many homeowners, their home is their most valuable asset and they are required to purchase homeowners insurance by their mortgage lenders. Consumers who are overcharged by insurers for this insurance coverage and/or arbitrarily non-renewed, even when they have undertaken significant wildfire mitigation efforts to protect their homes and lower their risk of loss, are part of Consumer Watchdog's core constituency. The specific issues and positions to be taken by Consumer Watchdog in this proceeding, to the extent known at this time, are set forth in paragraph 8 *ante*.
- 14. As noted in paragraphs 3–6 *ante*, Consumer Watchdog's staff and consultants have substantial experience and expertise in insurance rate matters, which Consumer Watchdog believes will aid the CDI in its review of the Application and aid the Commissioner in making his ultimate decision as to whether to approve or disapprove the requested rate. As noted in paragraph 6 above, the Commissioner has found that Consumer Watchdog has made a substantial contribution to his decisions in every rate proceeding that has resulted in a final decision and in which Consumer Watchdog sought compensation from 2003–2022, three additional proceedings in 2023, six additional proceedings in 2024, and two additional proceedings in 2025. If leave to intervene is granted, Consumer Watchdog will participate fully in all aspects of this proceeding.

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15. Consumer Watchdog also has an interest in assuring that Applicant, the CDI, and the Insurance Commissioner comply with the laws enacted by the voters under Proposition 103, and the rules and regulations that implement those laws, including that all information submitted to the CDI in connection with the Application is made publicly available.

VI. AUTHORITY FOR PETITION TO INTERVENE

- 16. The authority for Consumer Watchdog's petition to intervene is Insurance Code section 1861.10, subdivision (a), which grants "any person" the right to "initiate or intervene in any proceeding permitted or established pursuant to this chapter [Chapter 9 of Part 2 of Division 1 of the Insurance Code] . . . and enforce any provision of this article." This proceeding is a rate proceeding to enforce Insurance Code section 1861.05 pursuant to Insurance Code section 1861.10(a), and hence is a proceeding both "permitted" and "established" by Chapter 9. Per the voters' instruction, the mandatory right to intervene under section 1861.10(a), like all the provisions of Proposition 103, must be "liberally construed and applied in order to fully promote its underlying purposes." (Prop. 103, § 8.) Thus, section 1861.10 must be interpreted and applied broadly in a manner to fully encourage consumer participation. (*Ibid.*; see also *Ass'n of* California Ins. Cos. v. Poizner, supra, 180 Cal.App.4th at 1052 [stating "the goal of fostering consumer participation in the administrative rate-setting process" as "one of the purposes of Proposition 103"].) The broad intervention standard enacted by section 1861.10 ensures that consumers will be able to participate in proceedings independently of the CDI staff who may take different positions or emphasize different issues in the proceeding, and with all rights accorded to any other party, including the right to raise additional issues and/or violations as they become known during the course of the proceeding through informal or formal discovery.
- 17. This petition to intervene is also authorized by 10 CCR § 2661.1 et seq. In compliance with 10 CCR § 2661.3, the specific issues to be raised and positions to be taken by Consumer Watchdog, to the extent known at this time, are set forth in paragraph 8 ante. Each of these issues relate directly to specific standards and requirements under the ratemaking formula at 10 CCR § 2644.1 et seq. and thus are directly relevant to ultimately determining whether Applicant's requested rate is excessive or otherwise unjustified. Although consumer presence in

departmental proceedings typically results in significant reductions to policyholders' rates, the amount of savings for each individual consumer is outweighed by the time and expense of hiring individual counsel or an advocacy group to protect his or her rights. Thus, an independent organization like Consumer Watchdog introduces a voice that otherwise would be absent from this proceeding.

VII. PARTICIPATION OF CONSUMER WATCHDOG

18. Consumer Watchdog verifies, in accordance with 10 CCR § 2661.3, that it will be able to attend and participate in this proceeding without unreasonably delaying this proceeding or any other proceedings before the Insurance Commissioner.

VIII. INTENT TO SEEK COMPENSATION

- 19. The Commissioner has awarded Consumer Watchdog compensation for its reasonable advocacy and witness fees and expenses in past departmental proceedings. The Commissioner issued Consumer Watchdog's latest Finding of Eligibility on August 2, 2024, effective for two years as of July 12, 2024. Consumer Watchdog was previously found eligible to seek compensation on July 26, 2022, effective as of July 12, 2022; August 25, 2020, effective as of July 12, 2020; July 12, 2018; July 14, 2016; July 24, 2014; July 24, 2012; July 2, 2010; August 25, 2008; July 14, 2006; July 2, 2004; June 20, 2002; October 1, 1997; September 26, 1995; September 27, 1994; and September 13, 1993.
- 20. Pursuant to 10 CCR § 2661.3(c), Consumer Watchdog's estimated budget in this proceeding is attached hereto as Exhibit A. Consumer Watchdog has based its estimated budget on several factors including: (1) the technical and legal expertise needed to address these issues; (2) its current best estimate of the time needed to participate effectively in this proceeding, taking into account the time already expended by Consumer Watchdog's legal and actuarial staff and an estimate of time needed to complete remaining tasks through completion of a noticed evidentiary hearing; and (3) past experience in similar rate proceedings before the CDI. The estimated budget is reasonable and the staffing level is appropriate, given the expertise that Consumer Watchdog brings to these proceedings when the issues involved are issues at the very core of its organizational mission and strike at the very heart of Proposition 103 itself. The attorney,

Exhibit A for its attorney, Mr. Rosenfield, was reasonable and did not exceed the market rate in

the private market in Los Angeles and the San Francisco Bay Area.

VERIFICATION OF RYAN MELLINO IN SUPPORT OF CONSUMER WATCHDOG'S PETITION FOR HEARING, PETITION TO INTERVENE, AND NOTICE OF INTENT TO SEEK COMPENSATION

I, Ryan Mellino, verify:

- 1. I am a Staff Attorney for Consumer Watchdog. If called as a witness, I could and would testify competently to the facts stated in this verification.
- 2. I personally prepared, in consultation with Consumer Watchdog's actuarial expert, the pleading titled "Consumer Watchdog's Petition for Hearing, Amended Petition to Intervene, and Notice of Intent to Seek Compensation" filed in this matter. All of the factual matters alleged therein are true of my own personal knowledge, or I believe them to be true after conducting some inquiry and investigation.
- 3. Pursuant to California Code of Regulations, title 10, section 2661.3, Consumer Watchdog attaches as Exhibit A its estimated budget in this proceeding. I affirm that the hourly rates in the estimated budget do not exceed market rates.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

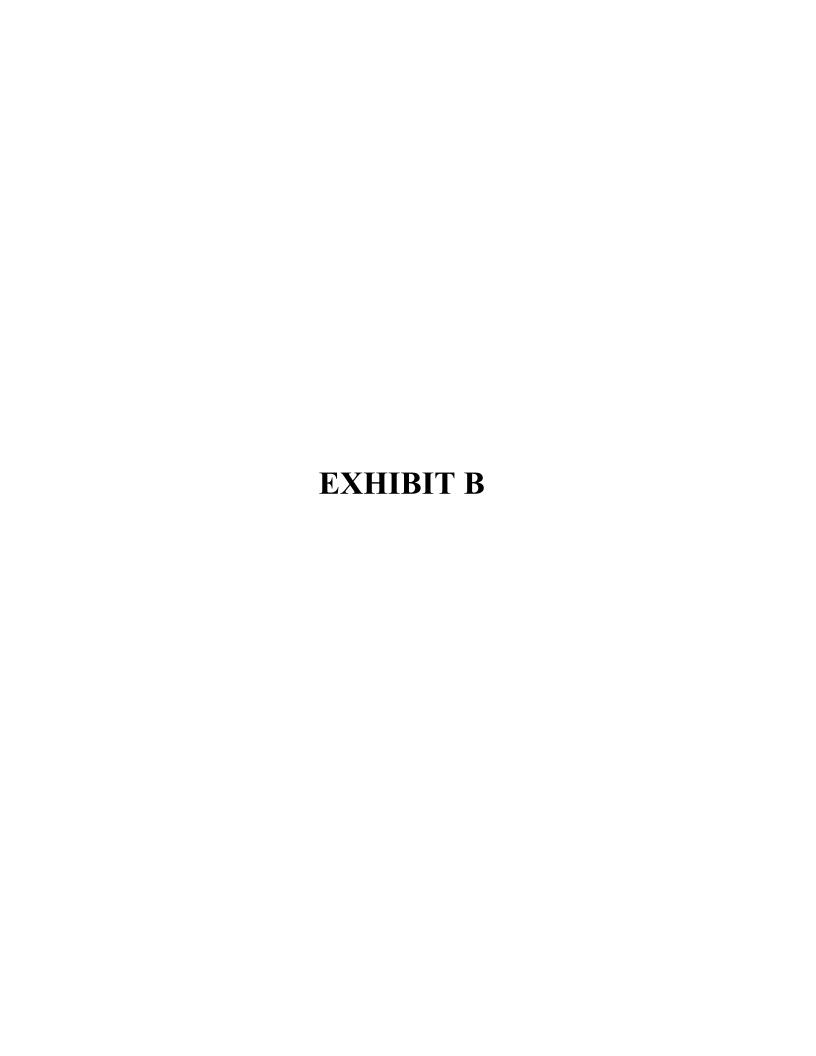
Executed May 12, 2025, at Los Angeles, California.

Ryan Mellina Ryan Mellino



EXHIBIT A PRELIMINARY BUDGET

2	ITEMS ESTIMATED COST				
3	1. Consumer Watchdog Attorneys, Paralegal, and Staff Actuary				
4 5	Pamela Pressley (Senior Staff Attorney) @ \$595 per hour, 100 hours				
6	Watchdog counsel; oversee preparation of discovery requests, motions, and briefing; confer with Consumer Watchdog counsel and outside experts regarding legal and				
7	evidentiary issues; participate in discussions with CDI and Applicant's counsel; assist in all phases of proceeding, evidentiary hearing, and preparation of post-hearing briefing.				
8 9 10 11	Ryan Mellino (Staff Attorney) @ \$250 per hour, 200 hours				
12	of evidentiary hearing and post-hearing legal briefing; prepare request for compensation.				
13 14	 Kaitlyn Gentile (Paralegal) @ \$200 per hour, 50 hours				
15 16	Harvey Rosenfield (Of Counsel) @ \$695 per hour, 15 hours				
17 18 19 20	 Ben Armstrong, Staff Actuary @ \$425 per hour, 100 hours				
21	2. <u>Consumer Watchdog Expenses</u>				
22 23	Office expenses (photocopies, facsimile, telephone calls, postage, etc.)\$2,000				
24	Travel (ground transportation; airfare; hotel)\$5,000				
2526	TOTAL ESTIMATED BUDGET: \$179,425				
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6	BEFORE THE INSURANCE COMMISSIONER			
7	OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
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9	In the Matter of the Request for Compensation of:	File No. RFC-2024-014/IP-2023-00013		
10		DECICION AWADDING COMPENSATION		
11	CONSUMER WATCHDOG,	DECISION AWARDING COMPENSATION		
12	CONSONIER WATCHDOO,	In the Matter of the Rate Application of Liberty Insurance Corporation		
13	Intervenor.	Rate Application No. 23-2333		
14	intervenor.	Prior Application File No. PA-2023-00016		
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16	<u>INTRODUCTION</u>			
17	In the instant matter, Consumer Watch	dog (Watchdog) submits a Request for an Award of		
18	Compensation (RFC) based on its intervention in Liberty Insurance Corporation's (Liberty) Rate			
19	Change Application ¹ (Application), which sought a 29.1% overall rate increase in its			
20	homeowners line of insurance. Watchdog requ	ests advocacy and witness fees totaling \$37,920.00		
21	and urges the Commissioner to grant the fees and expenditures in full, contending that such an			
22	award is proper because Watchdog met or exceeded all procedural and substantive prerequisites			
23	necessary for receiving such relief. ²			
24	Upon review, the Commissioner determines that Watchdog has made a showing of			
25	substantial contribution required under Insurance Code section 1861.10, but reduced the total			
26	amount by 25% to reflect that Watchdog's con	tribution regarding the issues they raised were not		
27	separate and distinct from those emphasized by	the Department staff. Pursuant to the applicable		
28	¹ Rate Application No. 23-2333. ² Ins. Code, § 1861.10(b); Cal. Code Regs., tit. 10, §§ 26	662.5, 2662.3(a), (b).		

regulations, if an intervenor's claimed substantial contribution is duplicative, and not separate and distinct from the Department's participation, the Commissioner may reduce the intervenor's award of compensation. Also, some of Watchdog's requested fees did not meet the regulatory requirements in support of an award. Therefore, an award of \$28,440.00 is reasonable and appropriate.

PROCEDURAL AND FACTUAL BACKGROUND

I. Prior Approval Overview and Rate Review Process

In November 1988, California voters passed the Insurance Rate Reduction and Reform Act, better known as Proposition 103, which provides the Commissioner with broad authority over insurance rates, guarantees public rate hearings, and expressly precludes the Commissioner from approving rates that are "excessive, inadequate, unfairly discriminatory or otherwise in violation" of the Insurance Code. Proposition 103 also allows consumer groups to "initiate or intervene in any proceeding permitted or established pursuant this chapter, challenge any action of the commissioner under this article, and enforce any provision of this article." Recognizing the importance of public participation, the Legislature authorized the award of certain costs, expenses, and reasonable attorneys' fees to an intervenor who makes a "substantial contribution" to a rate decision. The Commissioner has the authority to award these fees based on a finding that an intervenor has made a "substantial contribution."

In the present matter, the Department of Insurance (Department), Watchdog, and Liberty resolved the requested rate change application, and settled the matter through a signed stipulation between all the parties, as allowed under 10 CCR § 2656.1(a) ["Parties may stipulate to the resolution of an issue of fact or the applicability of a provision of law material to a proceeding, or may agree to settlement on a mutually acceptable outcome to a proceeding, with or without resolving material issues"].

After the parties settle and the Commissioner approves the agreed upon rate, the

³ Ins. Code, § 1861.05(a) and (c).

⁴ Ins. Code, § 1861.10(a).

⁵ Ins. Code § 1861.10(b); 10 CCR § 2661.1(a), (d), (k), (l).

⁶ Ins. Code § 1861.10(b); 10 CCR § 2662.6

intervenor – Watchdog – can then submit a request for compensation to the Public Advisor within the Department.

II. Rate Application and Intervention

On July 20, 2023, Liberty filed Application No. 23-2333 with the Department seeking approval of a 29.1% rate increase for homeowner coverage.

On September 18, 2023, Watchdog filed a Petition for Hearing, Petition to Intervene, and Notice of Intent to Seek Compensation. The Commissioner issued an Order Denying Consumer Watchdog's Petition to Intervene with Leave to Amend on October 3, 2023. The Order allowed Watchdog fourteen (14) calendar days to file an amended petition that established a basis for intervention and complied with relevant regulatory requirements. On October 16, 2023, Watchdog filed an amended petition. On October 31, 2023, the Commissioner granted Watchdog's Petition to Intervene.

Watchdog's amended petition alleged that Applicant's frequency and severity trend selections resulted in excessive net trends that overstated projected losses.⁷ The amended petition also alleged that Applicant had not shown that all of its institutional advertising expenses had been reflected in the excluded expense provision. ⁸

After receiving permission to intervene, Watchdog submitted a series of requests for information. Liberty submitted responses. Watchdog's actuary billed 11.5 hours for preparation of a cover letter and rate template pages. 11

On August 19, 2024, the Department provided a document comparing the proposed rates and analysis of each party. ¹² Pursuant to long-standing practice, after the parties engaged in an exchange of information relevant to the rate application, the parties engaged in a three-way call to discuss the range of potential rates on August 22, 2024. ¹³

On August 27, 2024, Watchdog provided the parties with their actuarial analysis of the

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⁷RFC 5:1-3; Mellino Decl.¶ 28.

²⁶ RFC 5:19-20.

⁹ RFC 6:14-16; Mellino Decl.¶ 32; RFC Exh. B.

¹⁰ RFC 7:25-26; Mellino Decl.¶ 34.

¹¹ Mellino Decl. Exh 1a (p. 34)

¹² RFC 14:24-26; Mellino Decl.¶ 43.

¹³ RFC 14:26

application. 14 Watchdog only identified two areas of note – loss and premium trends, and institutional advertising.

On October 1, 2024, the parties prepared and executed a joint settlement, agreeing to an overall rate increase of 16.5%. 15

On October 2, 2024, the Commissioner approved the amended Application via the Department's electronic filing system reflecting the agreed upon rate. On October 7, 2024, Watchdog withdrew its Petition for Hearing.

III. **Request for Compensation**

On October 31, 2024, Watchdog filed a Request for Compensation (RFC) with the Commissioner pursuant to Insurance Code section 1861.10(b), seeking \$37,920.00 in fees for work performed by Pamela Pressley, Ryan Mellino, Ben Armstrong and Kaitlyn Gentile. Liberty 12 did not file a response to the RFC.

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APPLICABLE LAW

I. Statutory and Regulatory Rules Governing Compensation for **Public Participation**

To promote enforcement and public participation, Insurance Code section 1861.10(a) authorizes consumers and their representatives to initiate and intervene in rate proceedings to enforce Article 10's provisions. The Insurance Code and the intervenor regulations provide that an intervenor must be compensated for their participation if they meet substantive and procedural requirements. 16

A. Substantive Requirements

Insurance Code section 1861.10(b) provides that the Commissioner shall award reasonable advocacy and witness fees and expenses to persons demonstrating that (1) they "represent the interests of consumers," and (2) they have "made a substantial contribution to the

¹⁴ RFC 14:18-19; Mellino Decl.¶ 43; RFC Exh. M.

¹⁵ RFC 16:13-18; Mellino Decl.¶ 54.

¹⁶ 10 CCR §§ 2662.1 to 2662.8.

adoption of any order, regulation, or decision by the commissioner[.]" The Regulations contain substantially identical requirements. 17

An intervenor represents the interests of consumers if it "represents the interests of individual insurance consumer[s], or the intervenor is a group organized for the purpose of consumer protection as demonstrated by, but is not limited to, a history of representing consumers in administrative, legislative or judicial proceedings." ¹⁸

An intervenor makes a substantial contribution if the intervenor "substantially contributed, as a whole, to a decision, order, regulation, or other action of the Commissioner by presenting relevant issues, evidence, or arguments which were separate and distinct from those emphasized by the Department of Insurance staff or any other party, such that the intervenor's participation resulted in more relevant, credible, and non-frivolous information being available for the Commissioner to make his or her decision than would have been available to a Commissioner had the intervenor not participated." A substantial contribution may be demonstrated without regard to whether a petition for hearing is granted or denied. 20

B. Procedural Requirements

The Regulations set forth various procedural requirements for claiming intervenor compensation. The intervenor must obtain the Commissioner's approval of a petition to intervene, and the intervenor must be found eligible to seek compensation by the Commissioner's Public Advisor.²¹ In addition, the intervenor must submit a request for an award of compensation within 30 days after the Commissioner's decision or action in the proceeding for which intervention was sought, or within 30 days after conclusion of the entire proceeding.²² The request for compensation must be verified and include detailed descriptions of the services and expenditures, legible time and billing records, and a description of the intervenor's substantial contribution.²³

Any objection to the RFC by the insurance carrier must be filed within 15 days of service

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¹⁷ 10 CCR § 2662.5(a).

^{26 18 10} CCR § 2661.1(j).

¹⁹ 10 CCR § 2661.1(k).

^{7 20} Ibid

²¹ 10 CCR § 2662.3.

²² *Ibid*.

 $^{^{23}}$ Ibid.

of the Request For Compensation.²⁴

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²⁴ 10 CCR § 2662.3(e).

8 Ins. Code § 1861.10(b). 26 10 CCR § 2661.1(d).

²⁷ 10 CCR § 2661.1(c).

C. Payment and Amount of Compensation Award

Where an intervenor's advocacy occurs in response to an insurer's rate application, the insurer must pay the intervenor's reasonable advocacy fees, witness fees and expenses.²⁵ Time spent preparing the intervenor's request for compensation may be included in those amounts.²⁶ The intervenor's advocacy and witness fees must not exceed "the prevailing rate for comparable services in the private sector in the Los Angeles and San Francisco Bay Areas at the time of the Commissioner's decision awarding compensation for attorney advocates, non-attorney advocates, or experts with similar experience, skill and ability."²⁷

An award of advocacy fees is granted where (1) the petitioner, intervenor or participant's presentation makes a substantial contribution, and (2) represents the interests of consumers. (10 Cal. Code Regs., § Section 2662.5(a)(1), (a)(2).) However, to the extent the "substantial contribution" duplicates the substantial contribution of another party to the proceeding, or was not authorized on the Petition to Intervene or Participate, compensation may be reduced. (10 Cal. Code Regs., § Section 2662.5(b).) "In assessing whether there was duplication, the Commissioner will consider whether or not the petitioner, intervenor or participant presented relevant issues, evidence, or arguments which were separate and distinct from those presented by any party of the Department of Insurance Staff." (10 Cal. Code Regs., § Section 2662.5(b).)

Requests for compensation must include, at a minimum, the following: (1) a detailed description of services and expenditures, (2) legible time and/or billing records, which show the date and exact amount of time spent on each specific task, and (3) a description of the substantial contribution citing to the record." (10 Cal. Code Regs., § Section 2662.3.) Further, "each specific task" is defined to require identification of the subject matter discussed beyond categorization of the task involved, i.e. telephone calls must identify the subject matter discussed. (10 Cal. Code Regs., § Section 2662.3.)

DISCUSSION

I. Watchdog's Request for Compensation is Timely Taken

The Commissioner finds Watchdog's Request for Compensation is timely. Regulation section 2662.3(a) provides that an intervenor whose Petition to Intervene has been granted and who has been found eligible to seek compensation may submit a request for compensation "within 30 days after the service of the order, decision, regulation or other action of the Commissioner in the proceeding for which intervention was sought, or at the requesting petitioner's, intervenor's or participant's option, within 30 days after the conclusion of the entire proceeding." Watchdog submitted its Request for Compensation within 30 days of the Commissioner's Order closing the proceeding.

II. Watchdog Satisfied the Requirements for Compensation

As set forth above, Watchdog must demonstrate that it made a substantial contribution regarding Liberty's rate application to the Department, and (2) must represent the interests of consumers.

A. Watchdog Represented the Interests of Consumers and Made a Substantial Contribution to the Commissioner's Decision

"Substantial contribution" requires "presenting relevant issues, evidence, or arguments which were separate and distinct from those emphasized by the Department of Insurance staff or any other party, such that the intervenor's participation resulted in more relevant, credible, and non-frivolous information being available for the Commissioner to make his or her decision than would have been available to a Commissioner had the intervenor not participated." Here, Watchdog focused on two areas – loss and premium trends, and institutional advertising.

Neither Watchdog's discussion on loss and premium trends, or institutional advertising, were separate and distinct from those emphasized by the Department staff. Upon review of the Department's analysis, and Watchdog's analysis, the Commissioner notes that the Department's analysis was more thorough and in depth. However, there is a range of reasonableness and discretion associated with review of rate applications, and the Commissioner acknowledges the work performed by Watchdog in this regard. Thus, the Commissioner will award fees to

Watchdog, but the requested compensation will be reduced by 25% to reflect their duplicative contribution.

As for representation of consumers, Watchdog was granted a request for eligibility to seek compensation, wherein it attested that this group represents the interests of consumer.

B. Watchdog Met the Procedural Requirements for Compensation

The Commissioner approved Watchdog's Petition to Intervene on October 31, 2023. Watchdog then submitted a timely request for compensation, which was verified and included detailed descriptions of the services and expenditures, legible time and billing records, and a description of Watchdog's contribution.

C. Watchdog's Requested Fees Are Reduced Based on Determination of "Substantial Contribution"

The award for fees in a request for compensation may be reduced when the work performed were not separate and distinct from those presented by any other party or Department staff, and were not duplicative.

Watchdog billed at hourly rates of \$595 for Pamela Pressley, an experienced attorney, \$425 for Ben Armstrong, an actuary, \$250 for Ryan Mellino, an attorney, and \$200 for Kaitlyn Gentile, a paralegal. These rates are consistent with the current prevailing private sector rates for advocates in Los Angeles with similar experience, skill, and ability. Watchdog billed a total of 98.6 hours. Watchdog's requested compensation is to be reduced by 25% to acknowledge that the issues raised by their intervention were not entirely separate and distinct from those emphasized by the Department staff so no additional reductions will be made based on Watchdog's billing entries. However, the Commissioner notes that Watchdog's billing entries could be strengthened to better meet the requirements set forth in the regulations.

Mr. Mellino appears to charge multiple entries to prepare for, and participate in, phone calls where there are multiple attendees and it is not clear he is the principal lead in such calls. He also charged 5.5 hours for revising the Request for Compensation where Ms. Gentile also billed ten hours. These particular requests are mostly the same and contain mostly the same information in both the request and supporting documentation. Mr. Mellino also bills time for revising time

entries, which are not the types of billing that is specific to the work conducted and does not seem reasonable to recover. Awards of compensation for time spent should primarily be for the work performed participating in the review of the rate application, and not to recover compensation for such work. Of the time Mr. Mellino billed to this matter, nearly one-third of his time was spent working on the request for compensation. Similarly, Ms. Gentile's billed hours were spent mostly on working on the request for compensation.

Furthermore, Mr. Armstrong billed 40 hours to this matter without providing specificity on the particular issues with the rate application. It is unclear how much time was spent analyzing trend selection versus any other issues. The report submitted consisted of merely one and a quarter pages, and does not appear to reflect the amount of time billed. Further, the regulations provide that the subject matter of each specific task should be identified, and that specificity was lacking in Mr. Armstrong's billing entries.

III. Conclusion

Watchdog is entitled to advocacy and expert witness fees in the amount of \$28,440.00 pursuant to Insurance Code section 1861.10(b) and the regulations thereunder. Because Watchdog's advocacy was in response to Liberty Insurance Corporation, Liberty Insurance Corporation must pay the award.²⁸

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²⁸ Ins. Code, § 1861.10(b).

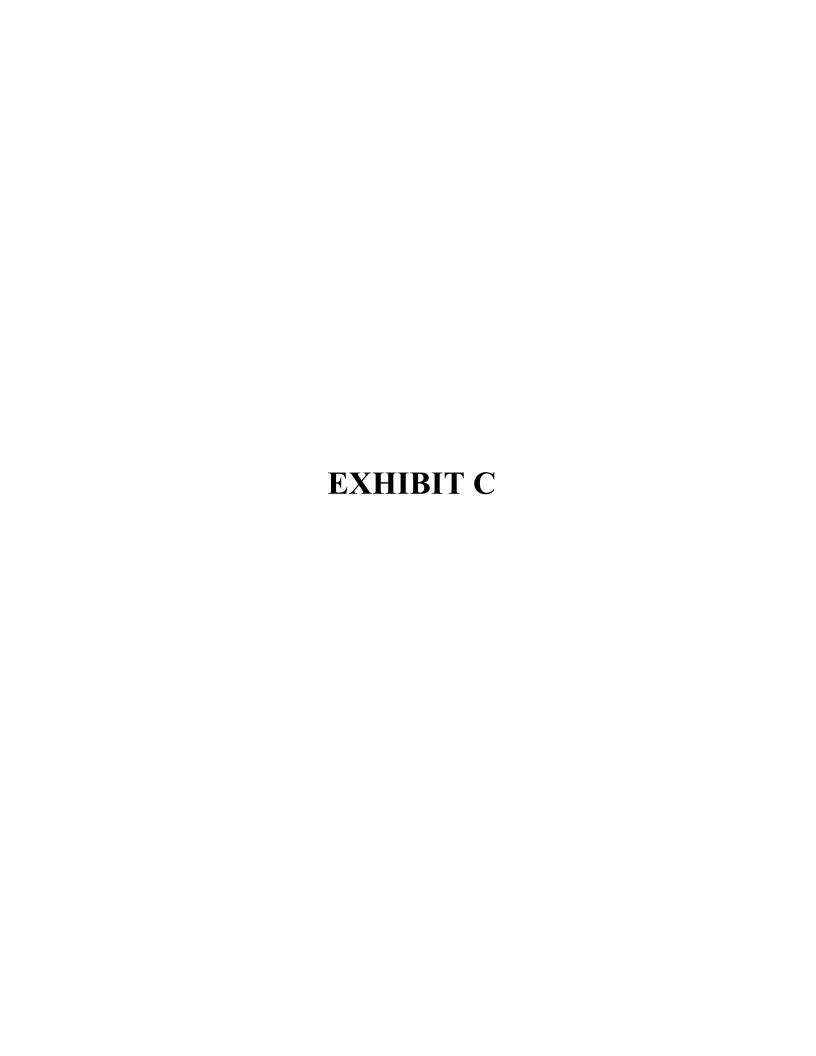
ORDER Watchdog is hereby awarded \$28,440.00 in advocacy and expert witness fees in 1. connection with Liberty Insurance Corporation's rate application (Prior Approval File No. PA-2023-00016). 2. Liberty Insurance Corporation shall pay the award no later than 30 days after the date of this Decision and shall notify the Department's Office of the Public Advisor upon making payment.²⁹ DATED: January 29, 2025 RICARDO LARA **Insurance Commissioner** By Lucy F. Wang Deputy Commissioner & Special Counsel

²⁹ Margaret W. Hosel, Public Advisor, 1901 Harrison St, Oakland, CA; margaret.hosel@insurance.ca.gov.

1 PROOF OF SERVICE In the Matter of the Request for Compensation of: 2 CONSUMER WATCHDOG, Intervenor Case No. RFC-2024-014/IP-2023-00013 3 Rate Application No. 23-2333 Prior Application File No. PA-2023-00016 4 I am over the age of eighteen years and am not a party to the within action. I am an 5 employee of the Department of Insurance, State of California, employed at 300 Capitol Mall, 17th Floor, Sacramento, CA 95814. On January 29, 2025, I served the following document(s): 6 DECISION AWARDING COMPENSATION 7 on all persons named on the attached Service List, by the method of service indicated, as follows: 8 If U.S. MAIL is indicated, by placing on this date, true copies in sealed envelopes, addressed to 9 each person indicated, in this office's facility for collection of outgoing items to be sent by mail, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Section 1013. I am familiar with this office's practice of 10 collecting and processing documents placed for mailing by U.S. Mail. Under that practice, outgoing items are deposited, in the ordinary course of business, with the U.S. Postal Service on 11 that same day, with postage fully prepaid, in the City of Sacramento and the County of Sacramento, California. 12 If **OVERNIGHT SERVICE** is indicated, by placing on this date, true copies in sealed 13 envelopes, addressed to each person indicated, in this office's facility for collection of outgoing items for overnight delivery, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Section 1013. I am familiar 14 with this office's practice of collecting and processing documents placed for overnight delivery. Under that practice, outgoing items are deposited, in the ordinary course of business, with an 15 authorized courier or a facility regularly maintained by one of the following overnight services in the city of Oakland and the county of Alameda, California: Express Mail, UPS, Federal Express, 16 or Golden State overnight service, with an active account number shown for payment. 17 If FAX SERVICE is indicated, by facsimile transmission this date to fax number stated for the person(s) so marked. 18 If **PERSONAL SERVICE** is indicated, by hand delivery this date. 19 If INTRA-AGENCY MAIL is indicated, by placing this date in a place designated for collection 20 for delivery by Department of Insurance intra-agency mail. 21 If **EMAIL** is indicated, by electronic mail transmission this date to the email address(es) listed. 22 Executed this date at Sacramento, California. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct. 23 24 25 **E D**É GUZMAN 26 27 28

1 2 3 4	PROOF OF SERVICE SERVICE LIST In the Matter of the Request for Compensation of: CONSUMER WATCHDOG, Intervenor Case No. RFC-2024-014/IP-2023-00013 Rate Application No. 23-2333 Prior Application File No. PA-2023-00016		
5	Name/Address	Phone/Fax Numbers	Method of Service
6 7 8	Harvey Rosenfield Pamela Pressley Daniel L. Sternberg	Tel: (310) 392-0522 Fax: (310) 392-8874	VIA EMAIL
9	Ryan Mellino Attorney(s) for Intervenor		
10	CONSUMER WATCHDOG 6330 San Vicente Blvd., Suite 250		
11	Los Angeles, CA 90048		
12	harvey@consumerwatchdog.org pam@consumerwatchdog.org		
13	danny@consumerwatchdog.org ryan.m@consumerwatchdog.org		
14	Kimberly Haza, Vice President	Tel: (617) 357-9500	VIA EMAIL
15	Consumer Markets	Fax: (617) 654-3452	
16	Elizabeth Coffey Christopher Shumate		
17	Craig Avitabile LIBERTY INSURANCE		
18	CORPORATION 175 Berkeley Street		
19	Boston, MA 02116		
20	<u>Kimberly.Haza@libertymutual.com</u> <u>Elizabeth.Coffey@libertymutual.com</u>		
21	Christopher.Shumate@libertymutual.com Craig.Avitabile@libertymutual.com		
21		T-1. (415) 520 410(371 A TONE ATT
	Teresa Campbell Heather Hoesterey	Tel: (415) 538-4126 (415) 538-4176	VIA EMAIL
23	Nikki McKennedy Lisbeth Landsman-Smith	Fax: (510) 238-7829	
24	Sara Ahn CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF		
25	INSURANCE 1901 Harrison Street, 6th Floor		
26	Oakland, CA 94612 <u>Teresa.Campbell@insurance.ca.gov</u>		
27	Heather.Hoesterey@insurance.ca.gov Nikki.McKennedy@insurance.ca.gov		
28	Lisbeth.Landsman@insurance.ca.gov Sara.Ahn@insurance.ca.gov		

1	Margaret W. Hosel Attorney and Public Advisor	Tel: (415) 538-4383 Fax: (510) 238-7830	VIA EMAIL
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3	INSURANCE 1901 Harrison Street, 6th Floor		
4 5	Oakland, CA 94612 Margaret.Hosel@insurance.ca.gov		
	PublicAdvisor@insurance.ca.gov	T 1 (415) 520 4127	
6	Kristin Rosi Chief Administrative Las Judge	Tel: (415) 538-4127 (415) 538-4243	VIA EMAIL
7 8	Administrative Hearing Bureau CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE	Fax: (510) 238-7828	
9	1901 Harrison Street, 3rd Floor		
10	Oakland, CA 94612 <u>Florinda.Cristobal@insurance.ca.gov</u> Camille.Johnson@insurance.ca.gov		
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1 2 3 4 5 6 BEFORE THE INSURANCE COMMISSIONER 7 OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 In the Matter of the Request for File No. RFC-2024-015/IP-2023-00018 9 Compensation of: 10 DECISION AWARDING COMPENSATION 11 CONSUMER WATCHDOG. In the Matter of the Rate Application of United 12 Services Automobile Association 13 Rate Application No. 23-3147 Intervenor. Prior Application File No. PA-2023-00023 14 15 INTRODUCTION 16 In the instant matter, Consumer Watchdog (Watchdog) submitted a Request for an Award of Compensation (RFC) based on its intervention in United Services Automobile Association's 18 (USAA) rate application (Application), which sought a 20.2% overall rate increase in its 19 homeowner line of insurance. Watchdog requests advocacy and witness fees totaling \$41,121.00 20 and urges the Commissioner to grant the fees and expenditures in full, contending that such an award is proper because Watchdog met or exceeded all procedural and substantive prerequisites necessary for receiving such relief. (Ins. Code, § 1861.10(b); Cal. Code Regs., tit. 10, §§ 2662.5, 22 23 2662.3(a), (b).) 24 Upon review, the Commissioner determines that Watchdog has made a showing of substantial contribution required under Insurance Code section 1861.10 and filed a timely request for contribution. However, some of Watchdog's time billed for duplicative work was excessive and not reasonable. Therefore, an award of \$ 37,002.30 is reasonable and appropriate.

PROCEDURAL AND FACTUAL BACKGROUND

I. Prior Approval Overview and Rate Review Process

In November 1988, California voters passed the Insurance Rate Reduction and Reform

Act, better known as Proposition 103, which provides the Commissioner with broad authority

over insurance rates, guarantees public rate hearings, and expressly precludes the Commissioner

from approving rates that are "excessive, inadequate, unfairly discriminatory or otherwise in

violation" of the Insurance Code. (Ins. Code, § 1861.05(a) and (c).) Proposition 103 also allows

consumer groups to "initiate or intervene in any proceeding permitted or established pursuant this

chapter, challenge any action of the commissioner under this article, and enforce any provision of

this article." (Ins. Code, § 1861.05(a).)

Recognizing the importance of public participation, the Legislature authorized the award of certain costs, expenses, and reasonable attorneys' fees to an intervenor who makes a "substantial contribution" to a rate decision. (Ins. Code § 1861.10(b); Cal. Code Regs., tit.10, § 2661.1(a), (d), (k), (l).) The Commissioner has the authority to award these fees based on a finding that an intervenor has made a "substantial contribution." (Ins. Code § 1861.10(b); Cal. Code Regs., tit. 10, § 2662.6.)

In the present matter, the Department of Insurance (Department), Watchdog, and USAA resolved the requested rate change application, and settled the matter through a signed stipulation between all the parties, as allowed under Section 2656.1(a) of title 10 of the California Code of Regulations. ["Parties may stipulate to the resolution of an issue of fact or the applicability of a provision of law material to a proceeding, or may agree to settlement on a mutually acceptable outcome to a proceeding, with or without resolving material issues".]

After the parties settle and the Commissioner approves the agreed-upon rate, the intervenor – Watchdog – can then submit a request for compensation to the Public Advisor within the Department.

II. Rate Application and Intervention

On October 25, 2023, USAA filed Application No. 23-3147 with the Department seeking approval of a 20.2% rate increase for homeowner coverage.

On December 18, 2023, Watchdog filed a Petition for Hearing, Petition to Intervene, and Notice of Intent to Seek Compensation.

Watchdog's Petition to Intervene ("Petition") identified three areas of focus for its intervention. First, Watchdog asserted that USAA's selected frequency, severity and premium trends overstate projected losses. (Petition, pp. 4-5.) Second, Watchdog noted that applicant failed to provide "required data triangles" and to follow the prior approval application template. (Petition, p. 5.) Third, Watchdog alleged that USAA failed to provide sufficient information to support its claim that 1% of advertising expenses over the last three years were "institutional advertising." (Petition, pp. 5-6.)

On January 2, 2024, the Commissioner granted Watchdog's Petition to Intervene.

After receiving authorization to intervene, Watchdog issued Requests for Information (RFIs) that USAA responded to after some follow-up communications from Watchdog. In its RFC, Watchdog asserts that the additional documentation, explanations and data obtained in responses to its RFIs would not have been available to the Commissioner without Watchdog's intervention. (RFC, p, 21.) Watchdog participated in three-way calls and settlement discussions with the Department and USAA. Ultimately, the parties agreed to a rate increase of 16.8%.

On October 2, 2024, the Commissioner approved the amended Application via the Department's electronic filing system reflecting the agreed-upon rate. On October 7, 2024, Consumer Watchdog withdrew its request for a hearing.

III. Request for Compensation

On November 1, 2024, Watchdog filed a Request for Compensation with the Commissioner pursuant to Insurance Code section 1861.10(b), seeking \$41,121.00 in fees for 99.1 hours of work performed by Pamela Pressley, Benjamin Powell, Ben Armstrong and Kaitlyn Gentile. USAA did not file a response to the RFC.

APPLICABLE LAW

To promote enforcement and public participation, Insurance Code section 1861.10(a) authorizes consumers and their representatives to initiate and intervene in rate proceedings. The regulations related to intervention are found at Title 10 of the California Code of Regulations

beginning at Section 2661.1. The Insurance Code and the intervenor regulations provide that an intervenor must be compensated for their participation if they meet substantive and procedural requirements.

Procedural Requirements

Before filing a request for compensation, an intervenor must have been found eligible to seek compensation as "a person or group representing the interests of consumers" and have received an Order granting a Petition to Intervene from the Commissioner. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 10, § 2662.2, § 2662.3(a).)

The intervenor must submit a request for an award of compensation within 30 days after the Commissioner's decision or action in the proceeding for which intervention was sought, or within 30 days after conclusion of the entire proceeding. The request for compensation must be verified and must include detailed descriptions of the services and expenditures, legible time and billing records, and a description of the intervenor's substantial contribution supported by citations to the record. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 10, § 2662.3(b)(3).)

Where an intervenor's advocacy occurs in response to an insurer's rate application, the insurer must pay the intervenor's reasonable advocacy fees, witness fees and expenses. (Ins. Code § 1861.10(b).) Time spent preparing the intervenor's request for compensation may be included in those amounts. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 10, § 2661.1(d).)

Substantive Requirements

Insurance Code section 1861.10(b) provides that the Commissioner shall award reasonable advocacy and witness fees and expenses to persons demonstrating that (1) they "represent the interests of consumers," and (2) they have "made a substantial contribution to the adoption of any order, regulation, or decision by the commissioner[.]"

As mentioned above, an intervenor can establish eligibility to seek compensation as "a person or group representing the interests of consumers" by obtaining a finding of eligibility using the process described in Section 2662.2.

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Determining whether an intervenor has made a substantial contribution to the Commissioner's decision on a rate application requires analyzing the intervenor's contribution in the context of the contributions of other participants in the proceeding.

An intervenor makes a substantial contribution if the intervenor "substantially contributed, as a whole, to a decision, order, regulation, or other action of the Commissioner by presenting relevant issues, evidence, or arguments which were separate and distinct from those emphasized by the Department of Insurance staff or any other party, such that the intervenor's participation resulted in more relevant, credible, and non-frivolous information being available for the Commissioner to make a decision than would have been available had the intervenor not participated." (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 10, § 2661.1(k).) A substantial contribution may be demonstrated without regard to whether a petition for hearing is granted or denied.

However, to the extent the "substantial contribution" duplicates the substantial contribution of another party to the proceeding and was not authorized on the Ruling on the Petition to Intervene or Participate, compensation may be reduced. (Cal. Code Regs., tit.10, § 2662.5(b).) "In assessing whether there was duplication, the Commissioner will consider whether or not the petitioner, intervenor or participant presented relevant issues, evidence, or arguments which were separate and distinct from those presented by any party or the Department of Insurance Staff." (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 10, § 2662.5(b).)

Reasonableness of Fees

If an intervenor has met the procedural and substantive requirements of Section 1861.10, the intervenor is entitled to "reasonable advocacy and witness fees [Emphasis Added]." The intervenor's advocacy and witness fees must not exceed "the prevailing rate for comparable services in the private sector in the Los Angeles and San Francisco Bay Areas at the time of the Commissioner's decision awarding compensation for attorney advocates, non-attorney advocates, or experts with similar experience, skill and ability." (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 10, § 2661.1(c).)

Requests for compensation must include, at a minimum, the following: (1) a detailed description of services and expenditures, (2) legible time and/or billing records, which show the date and exact amount of time spent on each specific task, and (3) a description of the substantial

contribution citing to the record." (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 10, § 2662.3.) Further, "each specific task" is defined to require identification of the subject matter discussed beyond categorization of the task involved, i.e., telephone calls must identify the subject matter discussed. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 10, § 2662.3.)

The bills for specific tasks should reflect a reasonable amount of time to complete a task.

Counsel is not entitled to unreasonable compensation for duplicative or inefficient efforts.

(Ketchum v. Moses (2001) 24 Cal.4th 1122, 1132.)

DISCUSSION

Watchdog's Request for Compensation is Timely

The Commissioner finds Watchdog's Request for Compensation is timely. Regulation section 2662.3(a) provides that an intervenor whose Petition to Intervene has been granted and who has been found eligible to seek compensation may submit a request for compensation "within 30 days after the service of the order, decision, regulation or other action of the Commissioner in the proceeding for which intervention was sought, or at the requesting petitioner's, intervenor's or participant's option, within 30 days after the conclusion of the entire proceeding." Watchdog submitted its Request for Compensation within 30 days of the Commissioner's approval of the rate that was agreed upon in the stipulation.

Substantial Contribution

"Substantial contribution" requires "presenting relevant issues, evidence, or arguments which were separate and distinct from those emphasized by the Department of Insurance staff or any other party, such that the intervenor's participation resulted in more relevant, credible, and non-frivolous information being available for the Commissioner to make a decision than would have been available had the intervenor not participated."

Here, Watchdog's intervention resulted in more relevant and credible information being available to the Commissioner and, therefore, Watchdog did make a substantial contribution.

Reasonableness of Fees

Watchdog billed at hourly rates of \$595 for Pamela Pressley, an experienced attorney, \$425 for Ben Armstrong, an actuary, \$250 for Benjamin Powell, an attorney, and \$200 for

Kaitlyn Gentile, a paralegal. These rates are consistent with the current prevailing private sector rates for advocates in Los Angeles with similar experience, skill, and ability. Watchdog billed a total of 99.1 hours, with 48.3 of those hours billed by the actuary and the remainder billed by the 3 legal professionals. 4 5 In reviewing Watchdog's bills, we note that legal work performed on the RFC was duplicative and excessive. In particular, 40% of the total hours spent by legal professionals was spent preparing the RFC. It is inefficient and unreasonable to bill this much time on a document where much of the work is duplicative of other RFCs. Furthermore, while intervenors are entitled to recover "other expenses" which includes the costs incurred in preparing an RFC, preparation of the RFC is unrelated to the rate application itself. Therefore, the legal fees billed by the legal professionals will be reduced by 20%, which results in a total award of \$37,002.30. 12 CONCLUSION Watchdog is entitled to advocacy and expert witness fees in the amount of \$37,002.30 13 pursuant to Insurance Code section 1861.10(b) and the regulations thereunder. Because Watchdog's advocacy was in response to a rate application filed by USAA, USAA must pay the 15 award. 16 17 ORDER 18 1. Watchdog is hereby awarded \$37,002.30 in advocacy and expert witness fees in connection with United Services Automobile Association's rate application (Prior Approval File No. PA-2023-00023). 20 2. United Services Automobile Association shall pay the award no later than 30 days 21 after the date of this Decision and shall notify the Department's Office of the Public Advisor upon making payment. 23 24 DATED: February 14, 2025 RICARDO LARA 25 Insurance Commissioner 26 27 Bv 28 Lucy F. Wang

Deputy Commissioner & Special Counsel

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PROOF OF SERVICE

In the Matter of the Request for Compensation of: CONSUMER WATCHDOG, Intervenor Case No. RFC-2024-015/IP-2023-00018 Rate Application No. 23-3147 Prior Application File No. PA-2023-00023

I am over the age of eighteen years and am not a party to the within action. I am an employee of the Department of Insurance, State of California, employed at 300 Capitol Mall, 17th Floor, Sacramento, CA 95814. On February 14, 2025, I served the following document(s):

DECISION AWARDING COMPENSATION

on all persons named on the attached Service List, by the method of service indicated, as follows:

If U.S. MAIL is indicated, by placing on this date, true copies in sealed envelopes, addressed to each person indicated, in this office's facility for collection of outgoing items to be sent by mail, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Section 1013. I am familiar with this office's practice of collecting and processing documents placed for mailing by U.S. Mail. Under that practice, outgoing items are deposited, in the ordinary course of business, with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day, with postage fully prepaid, in the City of Sacramento and the County of Sacramento, California.

If **OVERNIGHT SERVICE** is indicated, by placing on this date, true copies in sealed envelopes, addressed to each person indicated, in this office's facility for collection of outgoing items for overnight delivery, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Section 1013. I am familiar with this office's practice of collecting and processing documents placed for overnight delivery. Under that practice, outgoing items are deposited, in the ordinary course of business, with an authorized courier or a facility regularly maintained by one of the following overnight services in the city of Oakland and the county of Alameda, California: Express Mail, UPS, Federal Express, or Golden State overnight service, with an active account number shown for payment.

If FAX SERVICE is indicated, by facsimile transmission this date to fax number stated for the person(s) so marked.

If **PERSONAL SERVICE** is indicated, by hand delivery this date.

If INTRA-AGENCY MAIL is indicated, by placing this date in a place designated for collection for delivery by Department of Insurance intra-agency mail.

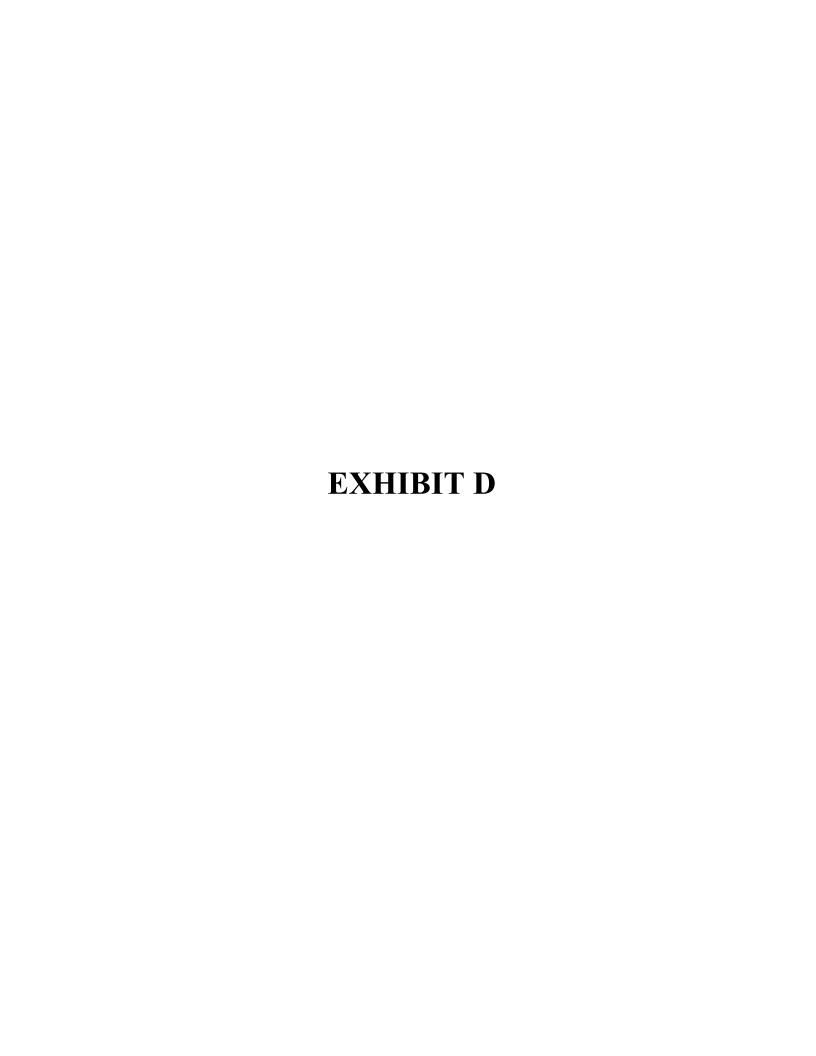
If EMAIL is indicated, by electronic mail transmission this date to the email address(es) listed.

Executed this date at Sacramento, California. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

DEBBIE DE GUZMAN

1 2	PROOF OF SERVICE SERVICE LIST In the Matter of the Request for Companyation of		
3	In the Matter of the Request for Compensation of: CONSUMER WATCHDOG, Intervenor Case No. RFC-2024-015/IP-2023-00018		
4	Rate Application No. 23-3147 Prior Application File No. PA-2023-00023		
5			
6	Name/Address	Phone/Fax Numbers	Method of
7			<u>Service</u>
8	Harvey Rosenfield Pamela Pressley Daniel L. Sternberg	Tel: (310) 392-0522 Fax: (310) 392-8874	VIA EMAIL
9	Ryan Mellino Attorney(s) for Intervenor		
10	CONSUMER WATCHDOG 6330 San Vicente Blvd., Suite 250		
11	Los Angeles, CA 90048		
12	harvey@consumerwatchdog.org pam@consumerwatchdog.org		
13	danny@consumerwatchdog.org ryan.m@consumerwatchdog.org		
14	Brian Yamanouchi	Tel No.: (925) 322-9867	VIA EMAIL
15	Nancy S. Allard UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION		
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18	brian.yamanouchi@usaa.com		
19	Vanessa 0. Wells, Esq. HOGANLOVELLSUSLLP	Tel No.: (650) 463-4000	VIA EMAIL
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20	Redwood City, CA 94063 Vanessa.wells@hoganlovells.com		
21	Teresa Campbell	Tal. (415) 529 4126	VII.A. EN CATA
22	Heather Hoesterey	Tel: (415) 538-4126 (415) 538-4176	VIA EMAIL
23	Nikki McKennedy Jennifer McCune	Fax: (510) 238-7829	
24	Sara Ahn CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF		
	INSURANCE		
25	1901 Harrison Street, 6th Floor Oakland, CA 94612		
26	Teresa.Campbell@insurance.ca.gov Heather.Hoesterey@insurance.ca.gov		
27	Nikki.McKennedy@insurance.ca.gov		
28	Jennifer.McCune@insurance.ca.gov Sara.Ahn@insurance.ca.gov		
- 1			

1 2	Margaret W. Hosel Attorney and Public Advisor Office of the Public Advisor	Tel: (415) 538-4383 Fax: (510) 238-7830	VIA EMAIL
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4	Margaret.Hosel@insurance.ca.gov		
5	PublicAdvisor@insurance.ca.gov	T-1. (415) 529 4127	VIA EMAIL
6	Kristin Rosi Chief Administrative Las Judge	Tel: (415) 538-4127 (415) 538-4243	VIA EMAIL
7	Administrative Hearing Bureau CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF	Fax: (510) 238-7828	
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6	BEFORE THE INSURANCE COMMISSIONER					
7	OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA					
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9	In the Matter of the Requests for Compensation of:	File No. RFC-2024-003				
10	compensation of.	DECISION AWARDING COMPENSATION				
11	CONSUMER WATCHDOG,					
12		In the Matter of the Rate Application of State Farm General Insurance Company				
13	Intervenor.	Rate Application No. 23-563				
14		Prior Application File No. PA-2023-00006				
15						
16	<u>INTRODUCTION</u>					
17	In the instant matter, Consumer Watchdog (Watchdog) submits a Request for an Award of					
18	. ,	n in State Farm General Insurance Company's (State				
19	Farm) Rate Change Application ¹ (Application	n), which sought a 20% overall rate increase in its				
20	California Rental Dwelling Program line. Watchdog requests advocacy and witness fees totaling					
21	\$74,679.50, and urges the Commissioner to grant the fees and expenditures in full, contending					
22	that such an award is proper because Watchdog met or exceeded all procedural and substantive					
23	prerequisites necessary for receiving such relief. ²					
24	Upon review, the Commissioner determines that Watchdog has met the showing of					
25	substantial contribution required under Insurance Code § 1861.10, and an award of \$74,679.50 is					
26	appropriate.					
27						
28	¹ Rate Application No. 23-563.					
	² Ins. Code, § 1861.10(b); Cal. Code Regs., tit. 10, §§ 2662.5, 2662.3(a), (b).					
I.	1					

PROCEDURAL AND FACTUAL BACKGROUND

I. Prior Approval Overview and Rate Review Process

In November 1988, California voters passed the Insurance Rate Reduction and Reform Act, better known as Proposition 103, which provides the Commissioner with broad authority over insurance rates, guarantees public rate hearings, and expressly precludes the Commissioner from approving rates that are "excessive, inadequate, unfairly discriminatory or otherwise in violation" of the Insurance Code. Proposition 103 also allows consumer groups to "initiate or intervene in any proceeding permitted or established pursuant this chapter, challenge any action of the commissioner under this article, and enforce any provision of this article." Recognizing the importance of public participation, Proposition 103 authorized the award of certain costs, expenses, and reasonable attorneys' fees to an intervenor who makes a "substantial contribution" to a rate decision. The Commissioner has the authority to award these fees based on a finding that an intervenor has made a "substantial contribution."

In the present matter, the Department of Insurance (Department), Watchdog, and State Farm resolved the requested rate change application, and settled the matter through a signed stipulation between all the parties, as allowed under 10 CCR § 2656.1(a) ["Parties may stipulate to the resolution of an issue of fact or the applicability of a provision of law material to a proceeding, or may agree to settlement on a mutually acceptable outcome to a proceeding, with or without resolving material issues"]. The regulations allow the Commissioner to adopt an order or decision on a rate change application based on an approved settlement and without holding a formal rate hearing.

After the parties settle, the settlement stipulation is then posted on the Department's public website and the new agreed-upon rates then take effect. The intervenor – Watchdog – can then submit a request for compensation to the Public Advisor within the Department.

³ Ins. Code, § 1861.05(a) and (c).

⁴ Ins. Code, § 1861.10(a).

⁵ Ins. Code § 1861.10(b); 10 CCR § 2661.1(a), (d), (k), (l).

⁶ Ins. Code § 1861.10(b); 10 CCR § 2662.6

II. Rate Application and Intervention

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On February 28, 2023, State Farm filed Application No. 23-563 with the Department.⁷ The Application sought a 20% rate increase in its California Rental Dwelling Program line.⁸ On March 17, 2023, the Department notified the public of State Farm's Application, as required by statute.⁹

On May 1, 2023, Watchdog filed a Petition for Hearing, Petition to Intervene, and Notice of Intent to Seek Compensation (Petition) regarding State Farm's Application. ¹⁰ The Petition asserted State Farm's Application for a rate increase was excessive and/or unfairly discriminatory. On May 15, 2023, the Commissioner granted Watchdog's Petition to Intervene.

The parties then engaged in an exchange of information over the next three months to determine if State Farm's rate change application was sufficiently supported.

State Farm responded to the issues raised by Watchdog in their Petition, providing argument in support of its proposed rate increase, including its use of amount of insurance (AOI) and Fire Following Earthquake (FFEQ), selected annual loss trends, use of incurred loss development, excluded expenses, and decrease in reported California Finance/Service Charges.¹¹

Watchdog submitted a series of requests for information and State Farm responded by providing the following information:

- Statements of Actuarial Opinion for 2019-2022, Annual and Combined Annual Statements 2019-2022, the 2023 Q1 Financial Statement, its Management's Discussion and Analysis 2019-2022, and Insurance Expense Exhibits 2019-2020.¹²
- Data regarding the average length of time taken to close the top 30% of California Total Homeowners non-catastrophe claims between 2019 and 2021.¹³
- Insurance Expense Exhibits for 2021-2022. ¹⁴

⁷ Consumer Watchdog's Request for Compensation (RFC), 3:20-21.

⁸ RFC, 4:1-4; see also, Declaration of Benjamin Powell in Support of Consumer Watchdog's Request for Compensation (Powell Decl.) at ¶ 29.

⁹ Powell Decl. at ¶ 29.

¹⁰ *Id.* at ¶ 31; Exh. 3.

¹¹ *Id.* at ¶ 40; Exh. 5.

¹² RFC Exh. E; Powell Decl. at ¶ 45.

¹³ RFC Exh. F, Powell Decl. at ¶ 46.

¹⁴ RFC at Exhs. H and I.

On September 27, 2023, Watchdog provided the Parties with their actuarial analysis of State Farm's Application, which indicated a maximum overall rate increase of 11.7%. ¹⁵

Pursuant to long-standing practice, after the parties engaged in an exchange of information relevant to the rate application, the parties engaged in a three-way call to discuss Watchdog's actuarial analysis on October 4, 2023. In particular, the parties focused on the differences in trend, loss development, and cat factor selections from those used by State Farm and the Department. ¹⁶ The parties engaged in a further exchange of information where State Farm indicated it would not resume writing new Rental Dwelling business regardless of the rate increase ultimately granted. ¹⁷

On November 17, 2023, the Parties prepared and executed a joint settlement, agreeing to an overall rate increase of 11.43% to be implemented on February 1, 2024. The settlement called for the filing of an amended Application and for the withdrawal of Watchdog's Petition for Hearing. Hearing.

On November 17, 2023, the Commissioner approved the amended Application via the Department's electronic filing system, reflecting a 11.43% rate increase.²⁰ On November 27, 2023, Watchdog withdrew its Petition for Hearing.²¹

III. Request for Compensation

On December 15, 2023, Watchdog filed a Request for Compensation (RFC) with the Commissioner, pursuant to Ins. Code § 1861.10(b), seeking advocate fees for work performed by Watchdog employees Harvey Rosenfield, Pamela Pressley, Benjamin Powell, Ryan Mellino, and Kaitlyn Gentile, and expert witness fees for outside actuarial expert Allan I. Schwartz and Kathleen Tollar, which included supporting documentation justifying the requested rates for the work performed on State Farm's Application.

State Farm did not object to the Request for Compensation.

¹⁵ *Id.* at Exh. J; Powell Decl. at ¶ 50.

¹⁶ Powell Decl. at ¶ 52.

¹⁷ RFC Exh. M; Powell Decl. at ¶ 54.

¹⁸ Powell Decl. at ¶ 58; Exh. 6.

¹⁹ *Id*.

 $^{^{20}}$ *Id.* at ¶ 59.

²¹ *Id.* at ¶ 60; Exh. 7.

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²⁶ *Ibid*.

APPLICABLE LAW

I. Statutory and Regulatory Rules Governing Compensation for **Public Participation**

To promote enforcement and public participation, Ins. Code § 1861.10(a) authorizes consumers and their representatives to initiate and intervene in rate proceedings to enforce Article 10's provisions. The Insurance Code and the intervenor regulations provide that an intervenor must be compensated for their participation if substantive and procedural requirements are met.²²

A. Substantive Requirements

Ins. Code § 1861.10(b) provides that the Commissioner shall award reasonable advocacy and witness fees and expenses to persons demonstrating that (1) they "represent the interests of consumers," and (2) they have "made a substantial contribution to the adoption of any order, regulation, or decision by the commissioner[.]" The Regulations contain substantially identical requirements.²³

An intervenor represents the interests of consumers if it "represents the interests of individual insurance consumer[s], or the intervenor is a group organized for the purpose of consumer protection as demonstrated by, but is not limited to, a history of representing consumers in administrative, legislative or judicial proceedings."24

An intervenor makes a substantial contribution if the intervenor "substantially contributed, as a whole, to a decision, order, regulation, or other action of the Commissioner by presenting relevant issues, evidence, or arguments which were separate and distinct from those emphasized by the Department of Insurance staff or any other party, such that the intervenor's participation resulted in more relevant, credible, and non-frivolous information being available for the Commissioner to make his or her decision than would have been available to a Commissioner had the intervenor not participated."²⁵ A substantial contribution may be demonstrated without regard to whether a petition for hearing is granted or denied.²⁶

²² 10 CCR §§ 2662.1 to 2662.8.

²³ 10 CCR § 2662.5(a).

²⁴ 10 CCR § 2661.1(j).

²⁵ 10 CCR § 2661.1(k).

B. Procedural Requirements

The Regulations set forth various procedural requirements for claiming intervenor compensation. The intervenor must obtain the Commissioner's approval of a petition to intervene, and the intervenor must be found eligible to seek compensation by the Commissioner's Public Advisor.²⁷ In addition, the intervenor must submit a request for an award of compensation within 30 days after the Commissioner's decision or action in the proceeding for which intervention was sought, or within 30 days after conclusion of the entire proceeding.²⁸ The request for compensation must be verified and include detailed descriptions of the services and expenditures, legible time and billing records, and a description of the intervenor's substantial contribution.²⁹

Any objection to the RFC by the insurance carrier must be filed within 15 days of service of the RFC.³⁰

C. Payment and Amount of Compensation Award

Where an intervenor's advocacy occurs in response to an insurer's rate application, the insurer must pay the intervenor's reasonable advocacy fees, witness fees and expenses.³¹ Time spent preparing the intervenor's request for compensation may be included in those amounts.³²

The intervenor's advocacy and witness fees must not exceed "the prevailing rate for comparable services in the private sector in the Los Angeles and San Francisco Bay Areas at the time of the Commissioner's decision awarding compensation for attorney advocates, non-attorney advocates, or experts with similar experience, skill and ability."³³

Where an intervenor meets the requirements for compensation, the Commissioner may award a reduced amount only in limited circumstances. Regulations section 2662.5(b) provides:

²⁷ 10 CCR § 2662.3.

²⁸ Ibid.

^{27 | &}lt;sup>29</sup> *Ibid*.

³⁰ 10 CCR § 2662.3(e).

³¹ Ins. Code § 1861.10(b).

³² 10 CCR § 2661.1(d).

³³ 10 CCR § 2661.1(c).

To the extent the substantial contribution claimed by a petitioner, intervenor or participant duplicates the substantial contribution of another party to the proceeding and was not authorized in the ruling on the Petition to Intervene or Participate, the petitioner's, intervenor's or participant's compensation may be reduced. Participation by the Department of Insurance staff does not preclude an award of compensation, so long as the petitioner's, intervenor's, or participant's substantial contribution to the proceeding does not merely duplicate the participation by the Department of Insurance's staff. In assessing whether there was duplication, the Commissioner will consider whether or not the petitioner, intervenor or participant presented relevant issues, evidence, or arguments which were separate and distinct from those presented by any party or the Department of Insurance staff.

DISCUSSION

I. Watchdog's Request for Compensation is Timely Taken

The Commissioner finds Watchdog's Request for Compensation is timely. Regulation section 2662.3(a) provides that an intervenor whose Petition to Intervene has been granted and who has been found eligible to seek compensation may submit a request for compensation "within 30 days after the service of the order, decision, regulation or other action of the Commissioner in the proceeding for which intervention was sought, or at the requesting petitioner's, intervenor's or participant's option, within 30 days after the conclusion of the entire proceeding."

Watchdog submitted its Request for Compensation within 30 days of the Commissioner's Order closing the proceeding.

II. Watchdog Satisfied the Requirements for Compensation

Watchdog's Request for Compensation satisfies the statutory and regulatory substantive and procedural requirements for intervenor compensation. In addition, Watchdog's attorney and expert witness fees are reasonable. Accordingly, the Request for Compensation is granted.

A. Watchdog Represented the Interests of Consumers and Made a Substantial Contribution to the Commissioner's Decision

Watchdog satisfied the requirements of Ins. Code § 1861.10(b) and Regulations section 2662.5 to "represent the interests of consumers" and to make "a substantial contribution" to the Commissioner's action in connection with Application 23-563. Watchdog's Petition raised seven separate and distinct issues with the Application that rendered the proposed rate changes potentially excessive and/or unfairly discriminatory, including the carrier's 2021 net income, use of AOI as the proper base for the catastrophe adjustment, proof that its trend selections and data period used were the most actuarially sound, the large difference between the paid and incurred development, and evidence that all of its institutional advertising expenses had been reflected in the excluded expense provision.³⁴ Those issues and arguments were "separate and distinct from those emphasized by the Department of Insurance staff or any other party."³⁵

B. Watchdog Met the Procedural Requirements for Compensation

The Commissioner approved Watchdog's Petition to Intervene on July 26, 2022. Watchdog then submitted a timely request for compensation, which was verified and included detailed descriptions of the services and expenditures, legible time and billing records, and a description of Watchdog's contribution.³⁶

C. Watchdog's Requested Fees Are Reasonable

Watchdog billed at hourly rates of \$695 for Mr. Rosenfield, an attorney with over 40 years' experience; \$595 for Ms. Pressley, an attorney with over 26 years of consumer advocacy experience; \$350 for Mr. Powell, an attorney with seven years' experience; \$250 for Mr. Mellino, an attorney with two years' experience; and \$200 for Ms. Gentile, a paralegal with over 14 years of litigation experience.³⁷ These rates are consistent with the current prevailing private sector rates for advocates in Los Angeles with similar experience, skill, and ability.³⁸

Watchdog billed a total of 93 hours in connection with the Application, including 13.5

³⁴ Powell Decl. at ¶ 32 through 38; Petition for Hearing at ¶¶ 8a through 8g.

³⁵ 10 CCR § 2661.1(k).

³⁶ RFC at pp. 5-8; Powell Decl., Exh. 1a.

³⁷ Powell Decl. at ¶¶ 7, 9, 12.

³⁸ See Powell Decl., Exh. 2 [fee expert declaration].

hours for Mr. Rosenfield, 40.4 hours for Ms. Pressley, 24.8 hours for Mr. Powell, 6.2 hours for Mr. Mellino, and 8.1 hours for Ms. Gentile.³⁹ That time is reasonable for the work Watchdog performed reviewing the Application, preparing the Petition, engaging with its expert witness, preparing the Compensation Request, and engaging in related conferences, calls, correspondence, and negotiations over nine months. It does not appear that the work duplicated the Department's participation.

Mr. Schwartz's expert witness fees are reasonable. Although there is little publicly available information regarding actuarial consulting fees, Mr. Schwartz provided the rates charged by other consulting actuaries in earlier prior approval cases. Adjusting those rates for 2024, Mr. Schwartz's fee of \$915 per hour is within a reasonable range, as are the rates for his associates. In addition, Mr. Schwartz's rates in this proceeding are consistent with his rates for other entities and jurisdictions. Mr. Schwartz spent 30.1 hours and Ms. Tollar spent 4.5 hours reviewing State Farm's Application, including its updated financial information and loss ratios. Mr. Schwartz's records were kept contemporaneously and there is no evidence suggesting Mr. Schwartz's rates exceed current market rates for actuarial services. 40

III. Conclusion

Watchdog is entitled to advocacy and expert witness fees in the amount of \$74,679.50, pursuant to Ins. Code § 1861.10(b) and the regulations thereunder. Because Watchdog's advocacy was in response to State Farm's Application, State Farm must pay the award.⁴¹

³⁹ RFC

⁴⁰ Fees for Ms. Tollar are similarly reasonable and there is no evidence they do not reflect a reasonable rate for an Actuarial Assistant with over 20 years' experience.

⁴¹ Ins. Code, § 1861.10(b).

ORDER 1. Watchdog is hereby awarded \$74,679.50 in advocacy and expert witness fees in connection with State Farm's rate application (Prior Approval File No. PA-2023-00006). State Farm shall pay the award no later than 30 days after the date of this 2. Decision and shall notify the Department's Office of the Public Advisor upon making payment.42 DATED: December 6, 2024 RICARDO LARA **Insurance Commissioner** Deputy Commissioner & Special Counsel

⁴² Margaret W. Hosel, Public Advisor, 1901 Harrison St, Oakland, CA; margaret.hosel@insurance.ca.gov.

In the Matter of the Requests for Compensation of:

DECLARATION OF SERVICE: BY E-MAIL

File No. RFC-2024-003

CONSUMER WATCHDOG,

Intervenor.

I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to this cause.

I am an employee at the Department of Insurance, State of California, employed at 1901 Harrison Street, 4th Floor, Oakland, CA 94612.

On December 6, 2024, at Sacramento, California, I electronically served the following true copies of the documents, which are listed as an attachment; said copies were addressed to below. I am readily familiar with this business's practice for collecting and processing correspondence for mailing.

DECISION AWARDING COMPENSATION; and DECLARATION OF SERVICE were mailed to:

The Honorable California Insurance Commissioner Ricardo Lara Office of the Commissioner CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE 300 Capitol Mall, 17th Floor Sacramento, CA 95814 CommissionerLara@insurance.ca.gov

Tel: (415) 538-4377 Via EMAIL

Via EMAIL

Tel: (916) 492-3500

Fax: (916) 445-5280

Lucy Wang, Deputy Commissioner Special Counsel to the Commissioner Office of the Special Counsel CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE 300 Capitol Mall, 17th Floor Sacramento, CA 95814 Lucy, Wang@insurance.ca.gov Teresa Campbell, Deputy Commissioner

General Counsel Heather Hoesterey

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Nikki McKennedy

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Legal Branch

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Chief Administrative Las Judge Administrative Hearing Bureau

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Pamela Pressley

Ryan Mellino

Benjamin Powell

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Tel: (310) 392-0522 Fax: (310) 392-8874 Via EMAIL

Via EMAIL

Via EMAIL

Vanessa O. Wells Attorney(s) for: State Farm General Insurance Company (AHB File No. RFC-2024-003/ CDI File No. PA-2023-00006 (Rental); HOGAN LOVELLS US LLP 855 Main Street, Suite 200 Redwood City, CA 94063 Vanessa. Wells@hoganlovells.com

Via EMAIL

Tel: (650) 463-4000 Fax: (650) 463-4199

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on December 6, 2024 at Sacramento, California.

Thomas Oates, Declarant

PROOF OF SERVICE BY OVERNIGHT OR U.S. MAIL, FAX TRANSMISSION, EMAIL TRANSMISSION AND/OR PERSONAL SERVICE

State of California, City of Los Angeles, County of Los Angeles

I am employed in the City and County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the within action. My business address is 6330 South San Vicente Boulevard, Suite 250, Los Angeles, California 90048, and I am employed in the city and county where this service is occurring.

On May 12, 2025, I caused service of true and correct copies of the document entitled

CONSUMER WATCHDOG'S PETITION FOR HEARING, PETITION TO INTERVENE, AND NOTICE OF INTENT TO SEEK COMPENSATION

upon the persons named in the attached service list, in the following manner:

- 1. If marked FAX SERVICE, by facsimile transmission this date to the FAX number stated to the person(s) named.
- 2. If marked EMAIL, by electronic mail transmission this date to the email address stated.
- 3. If marked U.S. MAIL or OVERNIGHT or HAND DELIVERED, by placing this date for collection for regular or overnight mailing true copies of the within document in sealed envelopes, addressed to each of the persons so listed. I am readily familiar with the regular practice of collection and processing of correspondence for mailing of U.S. Mail and for sending of Overnight mail. If mailed by U.S. Mail, these envelopes would be deposited this day in the ordinary course of business with the U.S. Postal Service. If mailed Overnight, these envelopes would be deposited this day in a box or other facility regularly maintained by the express service carrier, or delivered this day to an authorized courier or driver authorized by the express service carrier to receive documents, in the ordinary course of business, fully prepaid.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on May 12, 2025 at Los Angeles, California.

Kaitlyn Gentile

Service List 1 2 Nikki McKennedy FAX Rate Enforcement Bureau U.S. MAIL 3 California Department of Insurance **OVERNIGHT MAIL** 1901 Harrison Street, 6th Floor HAND DELIVERED 4 Oakland, CA 94612 M EMAIL 5 Tel. (415) 538-4500 Fax (510) 238-7830 6 Nikki.McKennedy@insurance.ca.gov 7 Margaret Hosel FAX 8 Public Advisor U.S. MAIL Tina Warren **OVERNIGHT MAIL** 9 Office of the Public Advisor HAND DELIVERED California Department of Insurance ⊠ EMAIL 10 300 Capitol Mall, 17th Floor 11 Sacramento, CA 95814 Tel. (916) 492-3705 12 Fax (510) 238-7830 Margaret.Hosel@insurance.ca.gov 13 Tina.Warren@insurance.ca.gov 14 Linda Kinney FAX 15 Product Analyst Supervisor U.S. MAIL **Stillwater Insurance Company OVERNIGHT MAIL** 16 12500 I Street HAND DELIVERED 17 Suite 100 ⊠ EMAIL Tel. (904) 997-7380 18 Fax (904) 472-2563 Omaha, NE 68127 19 Linda.Kinney@stillwater.com 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 2

PROOF OF SERVICE