## SFG-VW-18

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11

	A previous SPGIC filing pooled the experience of various State Farm companies by
usin	g countrywide data for evaluating the following items: home/auto discount, solid fuel
appl	iance charge, premium changes to optional coverages and amount of insurance changes. 48
Q.	SFGIC alleges that it has its own investment strategy. Do you have any response to that?
A.	Yes.
Q.	Can you summarize your testimony regarding SFGIC's request for a leverage variance?
A.	Yes.
	Yes. Based upon the previous discussion of the SFGIC testimony on this issue, it is clear
that	SFGIC has not shown that it has a mix of business that presents investment risks higher than
the	risks that are typical of the line as a whole.
	V – SFGIC DID NOT SUPPORT THE
	REQUESTED CONSTITUTIONAL VARIANCE
Q.	What does the applicable regulation state with regard to the constitutional variance?
*	
48 S	ERFF Tracking #: SFMA-127378383, CDI Filing #: 11-7257, Company Tracking #: HO-
	86; Filing Memorandum, Items III C, E, F and V B.
	PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF ALLAN I. SCHWARTZ: PA FILE NO. 2015-00004
	24

PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF ALLAN I. SCHWARTZ: PA FILE NO. 2015-00004

2014	\$287.8	\$1,370.8	21.0%
Combined / Average	\$1,477.5	\$6,917.0	21.4%

Source: Exhibit 715

Excerpts from SFGIC 2010 Insurance Expense Exhibit

As can be clearly seen, SFGIC has not suffered a deep financial hardship from writing homeowners insurance in California. In fact, SFGIC made very substantial profits from writing homeowners insurance in California, earning nearly \$1.5 billion in net income (pre tax) over the last five years.

- Q. Were you able to examine the profitability of SFGIC as "applied to the enterprise as a whole"?
- A. Yes. I did look at the profitability of SFGIC at more aggregated levels. In providing this information I am not offering a legal opinion regarding the meaning of the phrase "applied to the enterprise as a whole". I am simply offering certain factual information that could be considered in relation to SFGIC's request for the constitutional variance.

I evaluated the aggregated profitability of SFGIC two ways. Those were for: (i) SFGIC on an all lines countrywide basis and (ii) SFGIC and its affiliated companies on an all lines countrywide basis.

- Q. Starting first with SFGIC on an all lines countrywide basis, what values were you able to obtain regarding profits?
- A. Those values are shown in the following table.

## SFGIC Countrywide All Lines Historical Profits (Amounts in Millions)

				Net Income as	Annual
	Net Income	Earned	Beginning	a Percent of	Change in
Year	(After Tax)	<u>Premium</u>	<u>Surplus</u>	<u>Premium</u>	<u>Surplus</u>

PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF ALLAN I. SCHWARTZ: PA FILE NO. 2015-00004

26

1	2010	\$244.4	\$1,821.4	\$2,234.7	13.4%	
2	2011	\$346.1	\$1,912.0	\$2,478.8	18.1%	10.9%
3	2012	\$268.2	\$1,956.2	\$2,817.9	13.7%	13.7%
4						
5	2013	\$379.9	\$1,968.9	\$3,101.9	19.3%	10.1%
6	2014	\$352.2	\$1,898.7	\$3,452.6	18.5%	11.3%
7	Combined	\$1,590.9	\$9,557.1		16.6%	11.5%
8	/ Average	<b>\$1,570.7</b>	42,00711		20,0,0	22.0,0
9	Source: Exhibit 8-0045, 8-0057, Appel PDT page 9					
10						
11	These values demonstrate that SFGIC has been very profitable on an all lines				an all lines	
12	countrywide b	asis, earning	nearly \$1.6 bil	lion in net inco	me (after tax) ov	er the last fiv

Going on to SFGIC and its affiliated companies on an all lines countrywide basis, what Q. values were you able to obtain regarding profits?

Those values are shown in the following table.

## SFGIC and Its Affiliated Companies Countrywide All Lines Historical Profits (Amounts in Billions)

nual nge in rplus
.3%
.6%
.5%
5.1%

PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF ALLAN I, SCHWARTZ: PA FILE NO. 2015-00004

28

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Q. Can you explain why?

A. During the historical periods, SFGIC has operated in California while the CDI rate regulations have been in effect.<sup>53</sup> Hence, looking at the historical results provides useful information regarding the issue of whether the CDI rate regulations as applied to SFGIC have resulted in deep financial hardship or an inability to operate successfully. The actual experience demonstrates that in the recent past the application of the CDI rate regulations to SFGIC has not resulted in SFGIC suffering from deep financial hardship or an inability to operate successfully. Therefore, it is reasonable to conclude that the application of the CDI rate regulations to SFGIC in this case will also not result in SFGIC suffering from deep financial hardship or an inability to operate successfully.

Q. Do you have any other reason why you believe it is reasonable to take into account past results when evaluating the confiscation variance?

A. Yes. In the Matter of the Rate Application of Mercury Casualty Company, PA-2009-00009, the Proposed Order stated "While confiscation is determined prospectively, the Commissioner may draw some limited inferences from past applications of the rate formula. For example, under the Commissioner's regulatory formula, Mercury has realized profits in the millions of dollars every year." <sup>54</sup>

Q. Can you comment on the issue of the financial integrity of SFGIC?

A. Yes.

We reviewed various indicators for SFGIC, all of which demonstrate that SFGIC has a high level of financial integrity. There are summarized below.

PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF ALLAN I. SCHWARTZ: PA FILE NO. 2015-00004

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> There have been some technical revisions to the rate regulations over time. The last such revision took effect in May 16, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> Exh. 702-4.

1	• SFGIC has received an A. M. Best Financial Strength rating of A (Excellent)
2	from at least 2011 to the present. <sup>55</sup>
3	<ul> <li>SFGIC falls within the normal range of results on all thirteen of the National</li> </ul>
4	Association of Insurance Commissioner's (NAIC) Insurance Regulatory
5	Information System (IRIS) Ratios. 56,57
6	State Farm has stated
7	
8	
9	" <sup>58</sup> and
10	
11	
12	59
13	•
14	60
15	61
16	<sup>55</sup> Exh. 717-1.
17	<sup>56</sup> Exh. 718-5 (Exhibit 718 is selected pages from NAIC document "IRIS Ratio Results for 2014,
18	May 2015, Vol./Iss. 15-01).
19	<sup>57</sup> According to the NAIC, "The NAIC Insurance Regulatory Information System (IRIS) is a
20	collection of analytical solvency tools and databases designed to provide state insurance departments with an integrated approach to screening and analyzing the financial condition of
21	insurers operating within their respective states." Exh. 718-2.
22	<sup>58</sup> Exh. 719-2 (Exhibit 719 is a document produced by State Farm in discovery).
23	<sup>59</sup> Exh. 719-3.
24	<sup>60</sup> Exh. 720-1
25	(Exhibit 720 is selected pages of a document produced by
26	State Farm in discovery).
27	61
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	PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF ALLAN I. SCHWARTZ: PA FILE NO. 2015-00004

State Farm's Total Adjusted Capital of \$3.821 billion is almost 26 times as large as its Authorized Control Level Risk-Based Capital level of \$148.5 million. 63,64 Exh. 720-3. Exh. 720-2. 62 See Exh. 720-1. 63 Exhibit 8-0045. <sup>64</sup> Risk based capital is one measure used by the NAIC to monitor the financial condition of insurance companies. When the ratio of the Total Adjusted Capital is below 2.00 times its Authorized Control Level Risk-Based Capital level, that triggers increased regulatory scrutiny of an insurance company. The NAIC has stated the following on this "Risk-Based Capital (RBC) is a method of measuring the minimum amount of capital appropriate for a reporting entity to support its overall business operations in consideration of its size and risk profile. RBC limits the amount of risk a company can take. It requires a company with a higher amount of risk to hold a higher amount of capital. Capital provides a cushion to a company against insolvency. RBC is intended to be a minimum regulatory capital standard and not necessarily the full amount of capital that an insurer would want to hold to meet its safety and competitive objectives. In PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF ALLAN I. SCHWARTZ: PA FILE NO. 2015-00004